



CODE OF CONDUCT AND ETHICS

I. PURPOSE

The Board of Directors (the “Board”) of Lisata Therapeutics, Inc. (the “Company”) has adopted this Code of Conduct and Ethics (the “Code of Conduct”) to help those to whom it applies understand and comply with our policies and procedures. This Code of Conduct applies to: (i) members of the Company’s Board of Directors; and (ii) all employees and officers of the Company. The Company’s Chief Executive Officer; Chief Business Officer, Chief Medical Officer, Chief Financial Officer; Chief Accounting Officer; Controller; Treasurer; and any other person performing similar functions (collectively, the “Senior Financial Officers”) are also required to adhere to the Company’s Code of Ethics for Senior Financial Officers. Overall, the purpose of our Code of Conduct is to deter wrongdoing and promote:

- honest and ethical conduct, including the ethical handling of actual or apparent conflicts of interest between personal and professional relationships;
- full, fair, accurate, timely and understandable disclosure in reports and documents that we file with, or submit to, the SEC and in other public communications made by us;
- compliance with applicable securities exchange and governmental laws, rules and regulations;
- prompt internal reporting of code violations to an appropriate person or persons identified in this Code of Conduct; and
- accountability for adherence to the Code of Conduct.

II. INTRODUCTION

The Company is committed to the highest ethical standards and to compliance with all applicable laws and regulations. It is the obligation of those subject to this Code of Conduct to:

- Conduct themselves honestly and ethically;
- Avoid conflicts of interest, and disclose to the Company any relationship that appears to constitute a conflict of interest; and
- Comply with applicable securities exchange and governmental laws, rules and regulations.

III.DUTY TO REPORT VIOLATIONS

You are responsible for reporting in good faith to the Company any circumstances that you believe may constitute a violation of this Code of Conduct. You should report suspected violations to your immediate supervisor in the event you are an Employee and to the Chief Executive Officer or Chairman of the Board in the event you are an Executive or Board member. Supervisors receiving such reports are required to disclose such reports to the Chief Executive Officer. The Company will investigate these matters. There will be no action taken against you for good faith reporting of suspected policy violations; however, you will not be protected from possible disciplinary action if you report in bad faith or have otherwise engaged in misconduct.

The Chief Executive Officer or the Chief Executive Officer's designee will investigate all asserted violations of this Code of Conduct. Waivers of this Code of Conduct with respect to conduct by any person subject to it must be approved by the Chief Executive Officer or the Chief Executive Officer's designee, and any waivers that relate to members of the Board of Directors or executive officers must also be approved by the Board of Directors.

Any director, officer or employee can report, anonymously, if they want, violations of the Code of Ethics directly to the Audit Committee Chair, an independent director and member of our Audit Committee. The Audit Committee Chair will then inform the other independent directors and they will determine whether a violation has occurred, according to the standards outlined above, hold a formal meeting, if required, to question the officer, employee or director reported, and if necessary to recommend a disciplinary remedy or termination of employment, or notify the appropriate legal authorities. Reports may be made to the Company's secure hotline at (646) 606-2191. The Company's Whistleblower Policy provides details for reporting illegal or unethical conduct. The Whistleblower Policy is available on the Company's website.

IV.ETHICAL BUSINESS PRACTICES

The Company requires that you maintain lawful and ethical business practices at all times. Examples of certain prohibited activities are set forth below. These examples are intended to highlight some prohibited practices, but they do not address every kind of prohibited practice.

1. Bribery. Use of Company funds or property for illegal, unethical or otherwise improper purposes, including bribes, kickbacks and payoffs, is prohibited.
2. Political Contributions and Activities. In the United States, federal and many state laws prohibit corporations from making direct political contributions to candidates. No one subject to this Code of Conduct may make any political contribution of any kind, on the federal, state, or local level, in the name of the Company, or use Company funds or materials for this purpose. You should not make political contributions based on a promise to be reimbursed by the Company.
3. Gifts and Entertainment. You and members of your family must not solicit nor accept loans, fees, services, or monetary gifts of any kind from suppliers, customers or others dealing with the Company. To the extent permitted by law, you may accept unsolicited non-monetary gifts or entertainment which conform to customary business practices and are not

of significant value. Should you accept such gifts or entertainment, you must not give the person or entity offering such gifts or entertainment any preferential treatment.

V. CONFLICTS OF INTEREST AND OUTSIDE ASSOCIATIONS AND ACTIVITIES

You have a duty to avoid business, financial, or other relationships that might conflict with the Company's interests or impair or influence your ability to discharge your duties. There are potential conflicts of interest inherent in certain situations such as when:

1. You or a member of your family has a direct or indirect financial interest in, or obligation to, an actual or potential competitor, supplier, or customer. (This does not include small stock ownership in publicly traded companies).
2. You conduct business on behalf of the Company with a supplier or customer in which a relative of yours is a representative, officer or director.
3. You acquire real property, leaseholds, patents, or other property or rights in which the Company has, or you have reason to believe that the Company is likely to have, an interest.

VI. CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION AND TRADING STOCK IN A PUBLIC COMPANY

It is illegal and against Company policy for you to buy or sell Company stock, when in possession of "inside information." Such activity is further governed by the Company's Policy Regarding Special Trading Procedures.

VII. COOPERATING WITH GOVERNMENT AUTHORITIES

It is the policy of the Company to cooperate with governmental investigations or inquiries. Accordingly, if you reasonably believe that a government investigation or inquiry is in progress, you should communicate that information immediately to your immediate supervisor if you are an Employee and to the Company's Chief Executive Officer or Chairman if you are an Executive or member of the Board of Directors. You should never:

1. Destroy or alter any Company documents in anticipation of a request for those documents from any government agency or judicial authority.
2. Make any false or misleading statements to any governmental investigator during an investigation.
3. Attempt to cause any other person to fail to provide information to a government investigator, or to provide false or misleading information.

VIII. COMPANY DISCLOSURE OBLIGATIONS

As a public company, the Company is required to make disclosures about its activities and

operations in quarterly reports filed shortly after the end of its first three fiscal quarters and in an annual report filed shortly after the end of its fiscal year. It is the policy of the Company to make full, fair, accurate, timely and understandable disclosure in reports and documents that it files with, or submits to, the SEC and in other public communications made by the Company. While the disclosure rules are complex, essentially the Company is obligated to disclose anything that a reasonable investor would want to consider in deciding whether to purchase or sell the Company's stock. If you are aware of an act or omission which you believe satisfies this standard and you do not believe that such act or omission has been disclosed by the Company, you should describe that information to your immediate supervisor if you are an Employee and to the Chief Executive Officer or Chairman if you are an Executive or member of the Board of Directors.

All information provided to immediate supervisors pursuant to this Code of Conduct are to be communicated by such immediate supervisor to the Chief Executive Officer of the Company or the Chief Executive officer's designee.

Effect of this Code of Conduct. NOTHING PROVIDED FOR IN THIS CODE IS INTENDED TO CREATE A CONTRACT OF EMPLOYMENT FOR ANY INDIVIDUAL.

Employees may terminate their employment whenever they wish and for whatever reason, just as the Company may terminate an individual's employment at any time and for any reason.